

Linear Algebra for Computer Science

Fall 2023

Instructor: Behrooz Nasihatkon

Midterm Exam

Azar 1402 (Nov. 2023)

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

ID: \_\_\_\_\_

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**Note:** You can use all the results we proved in the class, but not the solutions to the homework assignments.

1. (20 points) Consider the matrices  $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  and  $\mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times p}$ . Show that if  $\mathbf{B}$  has full row rank then  $\text{rank}(\mathbf{AB}) = \text{rank}(\mathbf{A})$ .

2. (15 points) Consider three *nonzero* vectors  $\mathbf{x}$ ,  $\mathbf{y}$ , and  $\mathbf{z}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , such that  $\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{y}^T \mathbf{z} = \mathbf{z}^T \mathbf{x} = 0$ . Prove that  $\mathbf{x}$ ,  $\mathbf{y}$ , and  $\mathbf{z}$  are independent. Hint: If a vector  $\mathbf{u}$  is nonzero then  $\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{u} > 0$ .

3. (30 points) Consider two matrices  $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  such that  $\mathcal{C}(\mathbf{B}) \subseteq \mathcal{C}(\mathbf{A})$ , where  $\mathcal{C}(\cdot)$  denotes the column space.

(a) (15 points) Show that there exists a matrix  $\mathbf{H} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  such that  $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{H}$ . (Hint: Look at the columns of  $\mathbf{B}$  and  $\mathbf{H}$ . First, show that  $\mathbf{b}_i \in \mathcal{C}(\mathbf{A})$  where  $\mathbf{b}_i$  is the  $i$ -th column of  $\mathbf{B}$ .)

(b) (15 points) Show that if  $\mathbf{A}$  is of full column rank then  $\mathbf{H}$  is unique. (Hint: Assume that  $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{H}'$ . Then show that  $\mathbf{H} = \mathbf{H}'$ .)

4. (35 points) Consider the following system of linear equations.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & a & 0 & b & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & a & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ t \\ u \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ a+1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) (5 points) If the system has at least one solution, then what is the value of  $a$ ? Why?
- (b) (10 points) Find a basis for the null space of the coefficient matrix (the matrix on the left hand side) in terms of  $b$ .
- (c) (10 points) If the vector  $[-8, 4, -2, -2, 0]^T$  is in the null space of the coefficient matrix, then what is the value of  $b$ ? Why?
- (d) (10 points) Find the complete set of solutions to the system of equations above. (If you could not solve the previous questions, write the solution in terms of  $b$ ).