

f, g convex

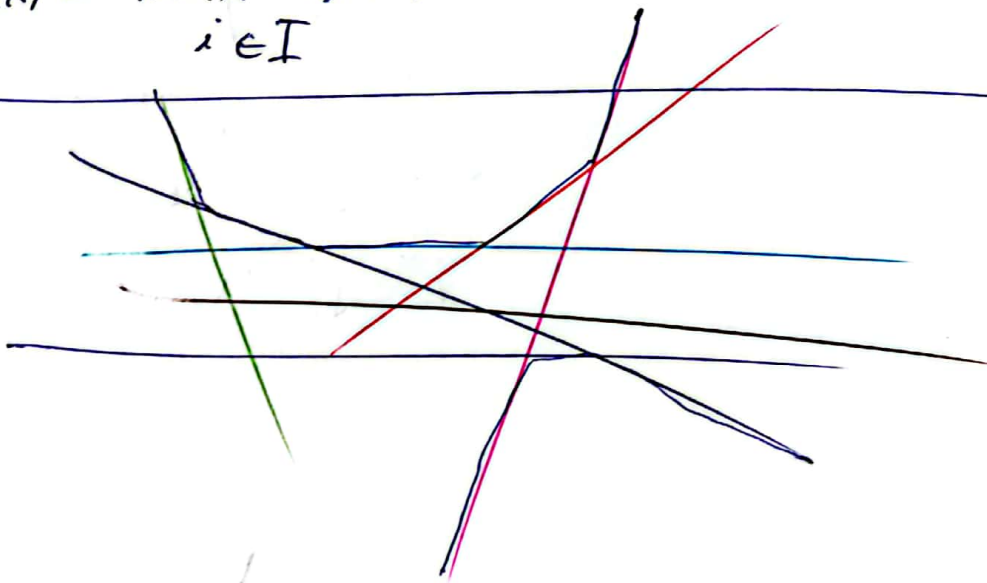
MA26 (I)

~~h~~ $h(x) = \max(\underline{f}(x), \underline{g}(x))$

h is convex

$f_i(x)$ convex $i \in I$

$g(x) = \max_{i \in I} f_i(x)$

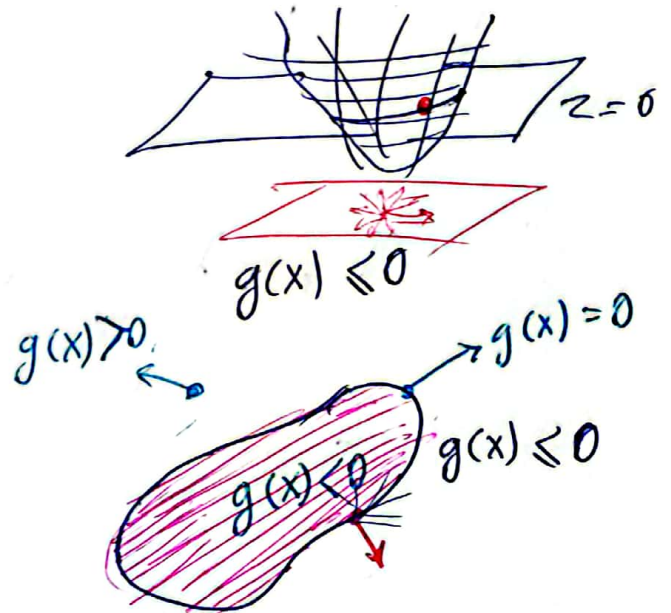


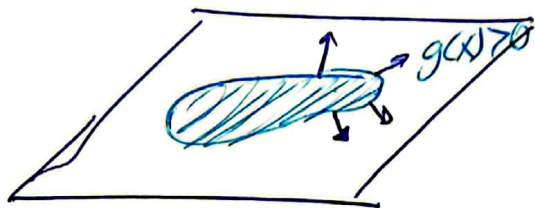
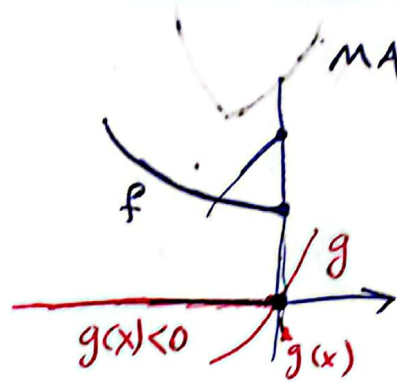
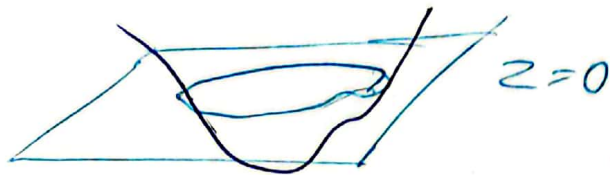
$f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$g: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

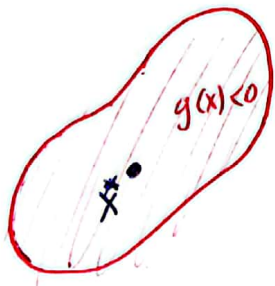
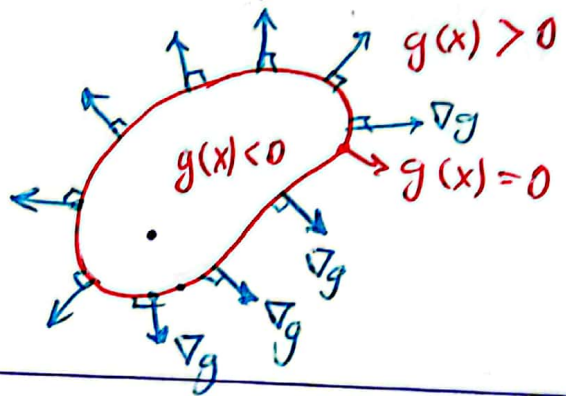
$$\nabla g = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_1} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_2} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial x_n} \end{bmatrix}$$

$D[u]g(x_0) = \underline{u}^T \underline{\nabla g}(x_0)$



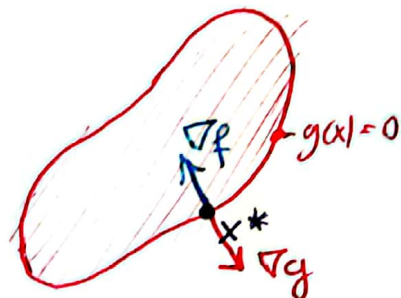


$$x^* = \operatorname{argmin}_x f(x) \quad \text{s.t.} \quad g(x) \leq 0$$



$$g(x^*) < 0$$

$$\nabla f(x^*) = 0$$



$$g(x^*) = 0$$

$$\nabla f + \lambda \nabla g = 0$$

$$\lambda \geq 0$$

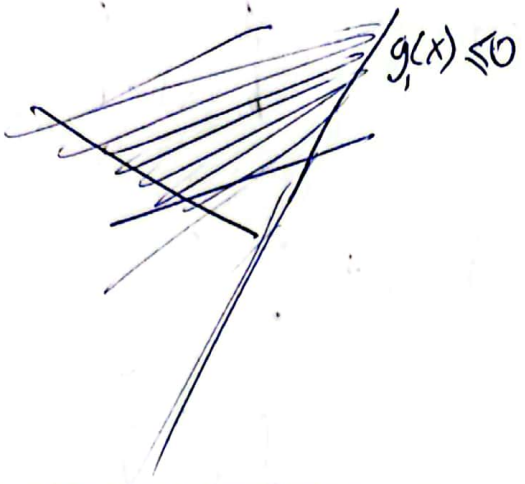
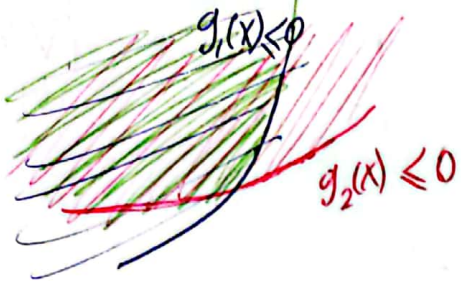
$$\nabla f(x) + \lambda \nabla g(x) = 0$$

$$\lambda \geq 0$$

$$\lambda g(x) = 0$$

$$g(x) < 0 \Rightarrow \lambda = 0$$

$$L(x, \lambda) = f(x) + \lambda g(x)$$



$$\min_x f(x) \quad \text{s.t.} \quad g_i(x) \leq 0 \quad i=1 \dots p$$

$$h_i(x) = 0 \quad i=1 \dots q$$

$$g: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^p$$

$$h: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^q$$

$$g(x) = \begin{bmatrix} g_1(x) \\ g_2(x) \\ \vdots \\ g_p(x) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$h(x) = \begin{bmatrix} h_1(x) \\ h_2(x) \\ \vdots \\ h_q(x) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\min f(x) \quad \text{s.t.} \quad g(x) \leq \vec{0}_p$$

$$h(x) = \vec{0}_q$$

$$L(x, \vec{\lambda}, \vec{\mu}) = f(x) + \sum_{i=1}^p \lambda_i g_i(x) + \sum_{i=1}^q \mu_i h_i(x)$$

$$= f(x) + \vec{\lambda}^T g(x) + \vec{\mu}^T h(x)$$

Any x such that
 x feasible $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} g_i(x) \leq 0 \quad i=1 \dots p \\ h_i(x) = 0 \quad i=1 \dots q \end{array} \right.$

Any λ such that
 $\lambda \geq 0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lambda_i \geq 0 \quad i=1 \dots p \end{array} \right.$

for any feasible x
 $\mu \in \mathbb{R}^q$
 $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}^p \quad \lambda \geq 0$

$$f(x) \geq L(x, \lambda, \mu)$$

$$\min f(x) \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \begin{aligned} g_i(x) &\leq 0 & i=1 \dots p \\ h_j(x) &= 0 & j=1 \dots q \end{aligned}$$

(VI)

$$L(x, \vec{\lambda}, \vec{\mu}) = f(x) + \sum_{i=1}^p \lambda_i g_i(x) + \sum_{i=1}^q \mu_i h_i(x)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \lambda &\geq 0 \\ g(x) &\leq \vec{0} \\ h(x) &= \vec{0} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow L(x, \lambda, \mu) \leq f(x)$$

Lagrangian Dual of f ← $f^*(\vec{\lambda}, \vec{\mu}) = \min_x L(x, \lambda, \mu)$

for any $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$
 $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}^p$
 $\mu \in \mathbb{R}^q$ ⇒ $f^*(\vec{\lambda}, \vec{\mu}) \leq L(x, \lambda, \mu)$



for feasible x $\left\{ \begin{aligned} g(x) &\leq 0 \\ h(x) &= 0 \end{aligned} \right.$
 $\lambda \geq 0$

$$f^*(\vec{\lambda}, \vec{\mu}) \leq L(x, \lambda, \mu) \leq f(x)$$

$$f^*(\vec{\lambda}, \vec{\mu}) \leq \underline{f(x)}$$

$$x^* = \operatorname{argmin}_x f(x) \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \begin{aligned} g_i(x) &\leq 0 & i=1 \dots p \\ h_j(x) &= 0 & j=1 \dots q \end{aligned}$$

$$f(x^*) = y^* = \min f(x) \quad \text{s.t.} \rightarrow h_j(x) = 0 \quad j=1 \dots q$$

$$\lambda \geq 0 \Rightarrow f^*(\vec{\lambda}, \vec{\mu}) \leq f(x^*) = y^*$$

$\lambda \geq 0 \Rightarrow f^*(\vec{\lambda}, \vec{\mu})$ is a lower bound for $f(x^*) = y^*$

$$z^* = \max_{\vec{\lambda}, \vec{\mu}} f^*(\vec{\lambda}, \vec{\mu}) \leq f(x^*)$$

$$\text{s.t.} \quad \lambda_i > 0 \quad i=1, 2, \dots, p$$

